## Marking Guide

## Part 1: Reading

#### Read Section A. True or false? Write T or F.

This text is about a man. His name is William Raskin. He was born on February 11th, 1910. He is from St Petersburg in Russia. In 1920, he moved to England. In 1930, he got a degree from Cambridge University. He then got a Masters degree in 1932. In the same year, he married Frances Russell. Two years later, he got a PhD from Oxford University. He taught Biology for 15 years at King Alfred's College. He became famous in the 1960s. He did some important experiments in psychology. He died in 2006.  $[\mathbf{F}]$ 

- 1. Raskin was English.
- 2. Raskin was 20 when he moved to the UK.
- 3. His first degree was from Cambridge University.
- 4. He got married in 1933.
- 5. He was a teacher.

#### 1 mark each

#### Read Section B. Choose the best ending for each sentence.

Raskin studied human behaviour all his life. In particular, he was interested in the behaviour of people in pairs. This area of psychology is called social influence. A psychologist called Sherif suggested in 1936 that groups of people often influence the behaviour of a single person. In other words, people watch and copy. If the majority in a group start shouting at something, for example, the rest of the group, the minority, will also shout, even though they are not angry. Raskin thought that people copy behaviour even in pairs.

Raskin's most famous work is called the Circle Experiment. He conducted this experiment in 1962. The experiment involved pictures of circles of different sizes. Raskin told participants that they were taking part in a vision test. In fact, they were being tested on conformity. Raskin wanted to see whether a person would conform to a majority view, even when it was obviously wrong.

For his research, he used 26 male students from four different colleges. These were the subjects, the people that the researcher is studying. Each experiment involved two participants but one of these knew the true point of the experiment. The other participant, the subject, did not know. With each subject, he conducted ten trials.

- Raskin's area of psychology is called ... 6.
  - Watch and copy. a.
  - b. Group behaviour.
  - Social influence. c.
  - d. Learning by observation.

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F

F

1

Marks: 5

			2 marks each	Marks: 10
	d.	18 participants.		
	c.	4 participants.		
	b.	10 participants.		
	a.	26 participants.		
10.	In the	e experiments, there were		
	d.	pictures.		
	c.	vision.		
	b.	conformity.		
	a.	lines.		
9.	Rask	n's 1962 experiments looked at		
	d.	social influence only works in small groups.		
	c.	social influence doesn't work in pairs of people.		
	b.	social influence works in pairs of people.		
	a.	social influence only works in large groups.		
8.	Rask	n believed that		
	d.	the majority often influences the minority.		
	c.	the minority often influences the majority.		
	b.	the majority always influences the minority.		
	a.	people are not influenced by the behaviour of a group.		
7.	Sheri	f suggested that		

#### Read Section C. Choose the best answer to each question.

In each trial, the participants were shown a card with a circle on it. Then they were shown another card with four circles on it, numbered 1, 2, 3 and 4. The researcher asked which circle was the same size as the first circle. The subject was always the second to answer.

For the first four of the ten trials, the confederate, who knew what the experiment was about, was told to give the correct answer. For the rest of the trials, they were instructed to give the same incorrect answer, so if Circle 1 was really the same size as the circle on the first card, they all said it was Circle 2 or Circle 3 or Circle 4.

In each case, the purpose of the experiment was to see if the subject would conform, by giving the same wrong answer as the confederate, or rebel and give the correct one. As in all good experiments, there was also a control group with no confederates, just subjects, to check that there was not, in fact, any difficulty in choosing the correct circle, given no pressure to conform.

- **11.** How many cards were there in each trial?
  - a. Two cards.
  - b. Three cards.
  - c. One card.
  - d. Four cards.
- 12. What was on each of the cards?
  - a. Numbers.
  - b. Squares.
  - c. Circles.
  - d. Pictures.
- 13. What does confederate mean?
  - a. It is another word for 'researcher'.
  - b. A person who knows the aim of the experiment.
  - c. It is another word for 'subject'.
  - d. A person who does not know the aim of the experiment.
- 14. How many times did the confederates give the wrong answer?
  - a. Twice.
  - b. Ten times.
  - c. Four times.
  - d. Six times.
- 15. What was the purpose of the control group?
  - a. To see if the confederates would give the wrong answer.
  - **b.** To see if the subjects would conform.
  - c. To see if the subjects would rebel.
  - d. To see if it was easy to choose the correct answer.

2 marks each Marks: 10

## Part 2: Grammar

#### A Choose the best way to complete each sentence.

1.	Alm	<b>vays prepare</b> fo	r tests and examinations.
	a.	Prepare always	
	b.	Always prepare	
	c.	You always prepare	
	d.	You prepare always	
2.	ı enj	<b>joy living</b> o	on my own.
	a.	am enjoy living	
	b.	enjoy living	
	c.	enjoy to living	
	d.	enjoying to live	
3.	In the	e UK, classes <b>aren't</b>	very large in secondary schools.
	a.	they aren't	
	b.	it isn't	
	Ċ.	aren't	
	d.	they isn't	
4.	At ur	niversity, you <u>must manage</u>	your life.
	a.	must manage	
	b.	must to manage	
	c.	must managing	
	d.	have manage	
5.	There	e <b>isn't any</b>	water in the desert region.
	a.	aren't any	
	b.	isn't some	
	c.	aren't some	
	d.	isn't any	
			1 mark cash

1 mark each Marks: 5

## **Progressive Skills 1: Post-test**

#### B Write one word in each space.

- 1. **Can** children leave school in your country at 16?
- 2. I <u>never / don't</u> watch sport on television. I hate it.
- 3. Last week, letters **Were** sent to all the candidates.
- 4. The company wants many candidates **<u>\$0</u>** the job is advertised in several newspapers.
- 5. Places near the Equator are much hotter **than** places close to the Poles.

2 marks each Marks: 10

#### C Write the correct form of the word in brackets in the space. You may need two or three words.

- 1. Socializing means <u>meeting</u> people in your free time. (meet)
- 2. Children **don't take** exams at nursery school because they are too young. (take)
- 3. The results <u>Were recorded</u> in a table. (record)
- 4. The Pacific is **the deepest** ocean in the world. (deep)
- 5. Do you want **to have** a manual job or a clerical job? (have)

2 marks each Marks: 10

## Part 3: Vocabulary

A Which set does each word belong to? Tick in the correct column.

	People	Location	Scientific study	Money	In the sky
advisor	$\checkmark$				
applicant					
architect					
atmosphere					
cloud					
employee					
Equator					
experiment					
fee					
gas					
: ; ;	applicant architect atmosphere cloud employee Equator experiment fee	applicant architect atmosphere cloud employee Equator experiment fee	applicant Image: Constraint of the sector of the sec	applicantIIarchitectIIatmosphereIIcloudIIemployeeIIEquatorIIexperimentIIfeeIIIII	applicantImage: Constraint of the second

### **Progressive Skills 1: Post-test**

		People	Location	Scientific study	Money	In the sky
11.	hemisphere					
12.	hypothesis					
13.	laboratory					
14.	librarian					
15.	lightning					
16.	measurement					
17.	neighbourhood					
18.	ocean					
19.	рау					
20.	Pole					
21.	rainbow					
22.	research					
23.	rich					
24.	salary					
25.	wages					
					mark each /3 mark each	Marks: 10
Complete each sentence with a word from the box. There are extra words.						

В

bullying deadline diagram display energy experience horizontal impact introvert liquid memory motivate rude status vacancies viruses

- Water is a **liquid** 1.
- What's the **deadline** for the assignment? When do we have to give it in? 2.
- Managers must **Motivate** their workers. 3.
- There are a lot of serious computer **VITUSES** 4.
- Are there any **Vacancies** at your company at the moment? 5.
- What's your **status** ? I mean, are you married or single? 6.
- Schools should try to stop **bullying**, particularly of young children. 7.
- He's an **introvert**. He is very shy and doesn't speak to other people. 8.
- What will be the **impact** of this new law? 9.
- The result is shown in the **diagram** of the Sun and the Earth (Figure 1). 10.

<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> mark each Marks: 5

#### C Write the correct form of the word in brackets to complete each sentence.

- 1. There is a lot of good **agricultural** land in the south of the country. (agriculture)
- 2. Please complete the **application** form. (apply)
- 3. After the interviews, we make the **<u>appointment</u>**. (appoint)
- 4. We are looking for **<u>Creative</u>** people for this job. (create)
- 5. There are some benefits of the plan, but there are also some **<u>disadvantages</u>**. (advantage)
- 6. Improve your skills and you will become more **employable**. (employ)
- 7. University work is difficult for everyone so don't worry about your **intelligence**. (intelligent)
- 8. The area near the coast is very **<u>MOUNTAINOUS</u>**. (mountain)
- 9. Copying someone else's work is **plagiarism**. (plagiarize)
- 10. Extroverts find it very easy to **<u>socialize</u>** with new people. (social)

1 mark each Marks: 10

## Part 4: Writing

#### A Rewrite each word with the correct spelling.

accommodation 1. accomodation attitude 2. atitude excitement 3. exitement friend 4. frend journalist 5. jurnalist interview 6. intervew source 7. sorce volume 8. volum science 9. sience positive 10. posative

 $1/_2$  mark each

Marks: 5

- **B** Rewrite the sentences with the same meaning. Begin with the words given.
  - 1. The south is drier than the north.
    - The north **is wetter than the south.**
  - The researchers gave some of the plants water.
     Some of the plants were given (by the researchers).
  - The vapour makes clouds because it cools.
     The vapour cools so it makes clouds.
  - 4. The south of the country does not have any permanent rivers.

There <u>are no / aren't any permanent rivers in the south of the country.</u>

5. The manager telephones the referees.

The referees are telephoned by the manager.

2 marks each Marks: 10

#### C Dictation

# Please read the script three times. On the second time only, add the pauses shown: / = short pause; // = longer pause.

I'm going to tell you / a little bit / about my job. // I'm a primary school teacher. // At primary schools / in the UK, / we have children / between the ages / of 5 and 11. // After 11, / they go on / to secondary school. // I teach all the subjects, / like History and Geography, / because we don't have / specialist teachers / at this age.

# Use negative marking. The item is worth 10 marks. Take off a 1/2 mark for each omitted word. Po not take off marks for spelling if the word is recognizable in context, e.g., festval. Po not mark for punctuation.

Marks: 10