Part 1: Reading

Read Section A. True or false? Write T or F.

Joseph Booth is American. He is from Chicago. He was born on November 3rd, 1954. In 1975, he got a degree from New York College of Psychology. One year later, he got a Masters from Stanford University. Stanford is in the state of California. In 1979, he obtained a PhD from the same university. In 1981, he became a professor of Psychology at Princeton University. At this university, he conducted his most famous experiment. Booth is also well known for his books on psychology and for a radio series.

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1. Booth was born in Chicago.					
2.	He g	got his Masters in 1975.			
3.	His F	PhD is from Stanford University.			
4.	Boot	th studied at three different universities.			
5.	Boot	th is famous.			
			Marks: 5		
Read S	Section	B. Choose the best ending to each sentence.			
cond want in it. othe	ucted a ed to in In his e	rery influenced by another well-known psychologist called Philip Zimbardo. In 1971, Zimbardo an experiment which is now very famous. He called it the Stanford Prison Experiment. Zimbardo and superiment whether people can behave in different ways depending on the situation and experiment, 24 male participants were divided into two groups, one acting as prisoners are on guards. He found that people conformed to their roles in the experiment. Booth four ing.	nbardo their role nd the		
previ	ous exp	oth conducted a replica of Zimbardo's experiment. However, he did not copy every aspectoriment. Instead, Booth wanted to see if women were as easily led as the men in Zimbar Eappeared to be.			
6.	Boot	th was			
	a.	friends with Zimbardo.			
	b.	at the same university as Zimbardo.			
	c.	interested in Zimbardo's work.			
	d.	working at the same time as Zimbardo.			

7.	The experiment Zimbardo conducted was called		
	a.	the Stanford Experiment.	
	b.	the Zimbardo Experiment.	
	c.	the Stanford Prison Experiment.	
	d.	the Prison Experiment.	
8.	The e	xperiment involved two roles,	
	a.	prisoner and prison guard.	
	b.	prisoner, prison guard and participant.	
	c.	prisoner and participant.	
	d.	prison guard and participant.	
9.	Zimba	ardo found that	
	a.	the participants acted like prisoners.	
	b.	the participants did not conform to their roles.	
	c.	the participants acted like prison guards.	
	d.	the participants conformed to their roles.	
10.	Booth	decided to change Zimbardo's experiment by	
	a.	using female participants.	
	b.	using fewer participants.	
	c.	using more participants.	
	d.	having more guards.	
			Marks: 10

Read Section C. Find the best answer to each question.

The participants were split between the roles, with 12 in each. Each participant was assigned the role of prisoner or prison guard. The role assigned was not based on personality or any other characteristic but by chance. To increase the authenticity of the experience, the experiment was not conducted in the normal lecture rooms. Instead, it took place in the basement of Princeton University, which was converted into a jail. At the beginning of the experiment, the 'prisoners' were 'arrested' in the middle of the night by the 'guards' and put into the 'prison'.

Participants acting as guards were given a police uniform, mirrored sunglasses and fake guns. These items all reinforced the guards' role, especially the sunglasses, which prevented eye contact and therefore made the guards seem more impersonal. The guards also worked in shifts, just like real prison guards, further reinforcing their role. They were told that they were in charge of the prison and that they could punish the prisoners if they did not obey, although they could not use physical violence.

Participants acting as prisoners wore loose-fitting grey dresses with numbers sewn onto them. They were not given shoes. They wore bracelets on their wrists to mimic those of real prisoners. The guards always used the numbers on the dresses instead of their names.

Booth found the same results as Zimbardo and stopped the experiment after three days.

11.	How	How many participants were there?			
	a.	24.			
	b.	12.			
	c.	36.			
	d.	48.			
12.	How	were the roles assigned?			
	a.	Depending on gender.			
	b.	Based on personality.			
	C.	Depending on age.			
	d.	Randomly.			
13.	Wher	e did the experiment take place?			
	a.	In an area under Princeton University.			
	b.	In Princeton Jail.			
	c.	In the basement of a local jail.			
	d.	In the normal lecture rooms.			
14.	How	did the experiment distinguish between prisoners and guards?			
	a.	The guards could hit the prisoners but the prisoners were not allowed to hit the guards.			
	b.	The prisoners worked in shifts but the guards were on duty all the time.			
	c.	The prisoners had loose clothes while the guards had police uniforms.			
	d.	The prisoners were not allowed to look at the guards.			
15.	How	did the experiment make the prisoners feel like prisoners?			
	a.	The mirrored sunglasses so they could not make eye contact.			
	b.	The grey clothes, the numbers and the bracelets.			
	C.	The grey clothes and night-time arrests.			
	d.	The physical punishment from the guards.			

Marks: 10

Part 2: Grammar

would solve

would be solved

c.

d.

1.	Rese	earchers have shown	in vocabulary learning.
	a.	why is important repetition	
	b.	why repetition is important	
	c.	why is repetition important	
	d.	why it is important repetition	
2.	I oft	en forget	words.
	a.	how spell	
	b.	how I spell	
	C.	how to spell	
	d.	how are spelt	
3.	Som	ne parents	any decisions.
	a.	don't let their children make	
	b.	aren't letting their children to make	
	C.	don't let make their children	
	d.	don't let their children to make	
4.	I doi	n't think that's true and	·
	a.	neither does Bob think	
	b.	so thinks Bob	
	C.	so Bob thinks	
	d.	neither does Bob	
5.	If th	e government changed the law, they	the problem
	a.	will solve	
	b.	will be solved	

Marks: 5

В	Write one word in each space.						
	1.	Working people		use to be a	ble to read or write		
	2.	Eric Berne is the	psychiatrist		wrote Games Peop	le Play.	
	3.	It is	that there	was a lot of v	water in the Sahara	at one time.	
	4.	Do you know		the library is?			
	5.	Gaia is an idea _		_ was put forv	vard by James Lovel	ock.	
							Marks: 10
C	Writ	te the correct for	rm of the verb in b	orackets in th	ne space. You may	need two or th	ree words.
	1.	The average tem	nperature	by	/ 0.5 °C since 1990.	(rise)	
	2.	The population o	of the world	b	y about one per cen	t every year at the	moment. (grow)
	3.	Most of the Eart	h's water	in	the oceans. (store)		
	4.	Before	to univ	ersity, she wo	rked in a bank. (go)		
	5.	I told him	the	tutor. (see)			
							Marks: 10
	P	art 3: Voo	cabulary				
Α	Whi	ich set does each	n word belong to?	Tick in the c	orrect column.		
			Essays, reports and surveys	People	Remembering	Living things	Natural processes
	1.	adolescent					
	2.	analysis					
	3.	ape					
	4.	bacteria					
	5.	carnivore					
	6.	condensation					
	7.	creature					
	8.	decomposition					
	9.	immigrant					

10. memorize

		Essays, reports and surveys	People	Remembering	Living things	Natural
		and surveys				processes
11.	parent					
12.	participant					
13.	photosynthesis					
14.	plant					
15.	propose					
16.	recall					
17.	recommendation					
18.	remind					
19.	respiration					
20.	retain					
21.	retrieval					
22.	sum up					
23.	thesis					
24.	thief					
25.	transpiration					
						Marks: 10
Com	anlata aash santa	nco with a word	from the boy	a. There are extra	words	
Con	ipiete each sente	ince with a word	Trom the box	. There are extra	words.	
	•	orbid greening ha ychiatrists radiatio	•	ement influence solar suppose	perception	
1.	Green plants are		, which mea	ans they convert sui	 nliaht into enerav	
2.				every day. Do the ir		
3.				affected by our cul		
4.	Parents often		their children 1	from doing certain	things, like staying	g out late.
5.	Plants take water	r and nutrients from	n the	·		
6.		treat people w	ho have ment	tal problems.		
7.		from the Sun i	reaches the Ea	rth but some is refl	ected back into sp	oace.
8.	Scientists have ha	ad some success in		deserts suc	n as the Sahara a	nd the Gobi.
9.	The government	has	that th	e economy is growi	ng by 1.1 per cer	nt a year.
10.	We need to find	alternative sources	of power, sucl	h as	energy.	

Marks: 5

Wri	te the correct form of the word	in brackets to complete each sentence.
1.	I find people talking loudly on mo	obile phones very (annoy)
2.	British people	a lot, even if they are not to blame. (apology)
3.	There is a great deal of	from lakes and rivers in hot countries. (evaporate)
4.	In some cultures, people ask for _	when they have done something wrong. (forgive)
5.	In English, you must use	language in letters and e-mails to strangers. (form)
6.	We can't solve this problem. It's _	(possible)
7.	The manager obtained	from all the staff for the new work procedures. (agree)
8.	Some people have ainformation or see it written dow	learning style – for example, they need to hear new vn. (prefer)
9.	There is an enormous	of vegetables. (vary)
10.	This survey looks at Internet	by teenagers. (use)
	Part 4: Writing write each word with the correct	t spelling.
1.	valadate	
2.	visulize	
3.	supplie	
4.	freqency	
5.	evidance	
6.	genarate	
7.	cumbustion	
8.	altenative	
9.	alowd	
10.	afect	

C

В	Rew	rite the sentences with the same meaning. Begin with the words given.				
	1.	It is possible that <i>Sahara</i> is a Sanskrit word.				
		Sahara				
	2.	How do scientists know about early humans? We're going to find out.				
		We're going				
	3.	Is language learning just grammar and vocabulary. We'll find out.				
		We'll	_			
	4.	Because it is difficult to pronounce new words, you should repeat them many times.				
		It is				
	5.	Some researchers believe that global warming is not man-made.				
		According				
			Marks: 10			
_						
C	DICT	ation				
The	e seco	time, just listen. Do not write. ond time, listen and write. d time, check your sentences.				

Marks: 10